

Exo 1

1/

a) $R = \sqrt{\frac{P_0}{4\pi \cdot I_0}}$ ($P_0 = I_0 = 10^{-12}$ dans les unités) $R = \sqrt{\frac{1}{4\pi}}$
 $I = \frac{W}{S} = \frac{P}{4\pi R^2}$ $R \approx 28,2 \text{ cm}$

$\Delta x = 100 \text{ nm}$
 $\Delta \lambda = 10 \text{ nm}$

b) i) $f = 1,675$ ii) $I \approx 3,18 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ W.m}^{-2}$ et $N_i \approx 85 \text{ dB}$ $\rightarrow 10 \log \frac{I}{I_0} \Rightarrow 10 \log \frac{3,18 \cdot 10^{-4}}{10^{-12}} \Rightarrow 85 \text{ dB}$

c) i) $I = 4 \cdot 10^{-5} \text{ W.m}^{-2}$ ii) $N_i \approx 76 \text{ dB}$
 ii) $\frac{I}{I_0} = \frac{P}{P_0}$ $P = P_0 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{I}{I_0}}$ $P \approx 0,126 \text{ Pa}$ (au) $P = P_0 \cdot 10^{\frac{N}{20}}$

d) i) $N = 20 \log \frac{P_s}{P_{sp}} = 20 \log \frac{6,3 \cdot 10^2}{2 \cdot 10^{-5}} \Rightarrow N = 70 \text{ dB}$

ii) $N = 10 \log \frac{I}{I_0} \Rightarrow \frac{N}{10} = \log \frac{I}{I_0} \Rightarrow I = I_0 \cdot 10^{N/10} = 10^{-12} \cdot 10^7 \Rightarrow I = 10^{-5} \text{ W.m}^{-2}$